

September 2022 Service Changes Draft Plan and Title VI Equity Analysis

Released for Public Review March 30, 2022

SacRT is seeking public comments on proposed service changes. Unless otherwise noted, the service changes are proposed to take effect on **Sunday**, **August 28**, **2022**. Please visit sacrt.com/septemberservice for more information.

Overview

SacRT's major service change policy requires a 30-day public review and Title VI service equity analysis before approving any major service changes. The following report presents proposed changes broadly categorized as follows:

Service Restorations – Restoring bus service that was designated for temporary suspension beginning on April 3, 2022 (see below for extended discussion on temporary suspensions)

Permanent Elimination – Making permanent a small subset of originally temporary suspensions of certain routes and trips beginning on April 3, 2022

SRTP Implementation – Implementing changes to service as set forth in SacRT's Short Range Transit Plan, or other minor changes requested by customers or recommended by staff

Contract Service – Analyzing changes approved earlier on a temporary basis (i.e., improvements to the Rancho CordoVan) or being considered for the future (i.e., a new commuter route from Elk Grove to UC Davis Health and additional weekend service to the future Sky River Casino)

Temporary Suspensions

In March 2022, SacRT announced temporary suspensions of all or part of several bus routes throughout the system, to address a shortage in bus operators which has been resulting in systemwide reliability problems. By suspending approximately 3 percent of bus service, SacRT sought to better allow customers to plan around system outages, rather than be subject to random and unplanned outages.

Factors - Suspensions were spread throughout the system, to avoid targeting a single area or type of service. For example, several commuter bus routes, trunk line service on Florin Road, and Route 142 service to Sacramento International Airport were all included as suspensions.

Example 1:

In the case of Florin Road service, the route in question is a high-ridership route (i.e., Route 81) however, it was felt that lengthening frequency from 15 to 30 minutes would be less impactful than lengthening headways from 30 to 60 minutes on a lower frequency route (or eliminating a low-frequency route altogether).

Example 2:

Frequency on Route 142 to the airport was reduced from 30 to 60 minutes, which is understandably less convenient; however, staff felt that by conserving some resources on airport service, less lifeline service would have to be suspended.

Example 3:

Suspensions to commuter bus service were made with reluctance, given that the COVID-19 pandemic appeared to be subsiding and many office workers were returning to work; however, compared to student riders and transit-dependent riders, commuter ridership has had the most extreme ridership loss and has been the last and slowest ridership type to rebound. Teleworking seems likely to permanently reduce commuter ridership going forward, so it was felt that reductions to commuter bus service should be suspended as well, especially where an alternative route might be available, even if the alternative route might have a longer route or more stops.

Public Review - The April suspensions were approved on relatively short notice, without a 30-day public review, on the basis that they were considered temporary, lasting no more than twelve months, and as such did not constitute major service changes under SacRT policy. This was justified on the basis that expeditiousness was required to address a problem that was both immediate and temporary. This report analyzes those suspensions; however, the plan itself calls for most (although not all) of them to be reversed in September.

Equity - As discussed in the Title VI section of this report, if Route 142 and several commuter bus routes had not been included among the suspensions, the impacts of the suspensions would have fallen disproportionately on disadvantaged populations.

Permanent Eliminations

Certain trips on Routes 23, 82, and 86 that were suspended in April 2022 were designated for permanent elimination in this plan. In general, the selected trips are trips that were previously added to the schedule to augment capacity but that are not considered necessary under current circumstances, with ridership having decreased from the COVID-19 pandemic. Supplemental trips such as these often consume an outsize share of resources (e.g., an additional bus may have to pull out each day just to operate a single peak-hour trip). Trips like these should therefore only be operated when they are genuinely needed for capacity reasons. If ridership returns to prior levels, these trips could be restored.

SRTP Implementation

Throughout 2021 and over the past few months, SacRT has been updating its Short Range Transit Plan. The public comment period for the Draft SRTP recently closed and Staff is preparing the final version. The SRTP provides a higher-level look at potential service improvements over the next five years and a forum for stakeholders to evaluate options, costs, and priorities. Staff evaluated potential improvements from the Draft SRTP and recommended a subset of them for implementation in September 2022. Due to SacRT's ongoing shortage of bus operators, Staff has kept the magnitude of changes relatively modest. Staff has also prioritized improvements to evening span of service (rather than additional daytime trips) to avoid incrementing the peak vehicle requirement, until more of SacRT's bus fleet is replaced with newer vehicles.

Contract Service

Four routes in this service plan are already operated or would potentially be operated with support from an outside party under a cost-sharing agreement, covering SacRT's operating costs.

Title VI and Approval

SacRT policy requires a Title VI service equity analysis prior to adopting major service changes. That analysis can be found in Section II. Staff anticipates presenting a final plan, a final Title VI analysis, and all public comments to the SacRT Board on May 9, 2022 for potential approval.

Section I

Service Plan

#1 Greenback

Description – Add one evening trip on Saturday leaving Watt/I-80 light rail station at 9:36 pm..

Discussion – Addition of this trip would close a 60-minute gap in service and was identified in SacRT's Draft Short Range Transit Plan as a priority to promote interconnectivity and reduce travel times across the network. Route 1 is a major route with connections to the Blue Line and Routes 21, 23, 25, 26, 82, 84, and 93.

Evening service improvements are also being prioritized at this time (e.g., over peak-hour improvements) to avoid incrementing SacRT's daily vehicle requirement.

Fiscal Impact - Operating cost for the new trip is estimated at \$5,103 per year, before fare revenue.

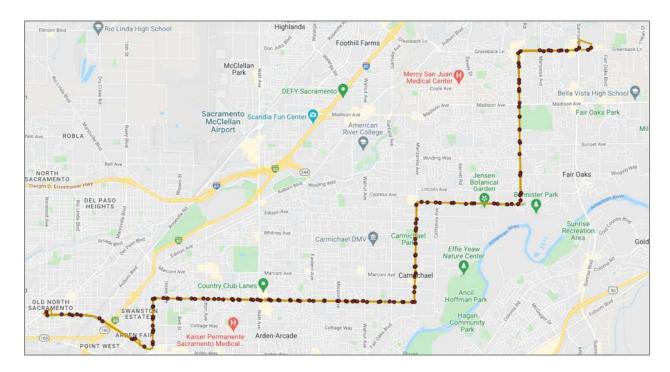
#23 El Camino

Description - Make permanent the suspension of eight short trips suspended in April 2022 due to low ridership and to conserve resources.

Background – These eight trips were added in September 2019 as part of the SacRT Forward project. The purpose, at the time, was to begin upgrading Route 23 to 15-minute frequency during the times of highest ridership. They do not operate the entire length of the route, but instead, run only from Arden/Del Paso light rail station to Watt Avenue, which is the busiest segment of the route. These eight trips were designated for suspension in April 2022. This change would make that suspension permanent. If/when ridership on the route returns to pre-pandemic levels, these trips could and should then be restored.

Fiscal Impact - Operating savings for this improvement are estimated at \$124,959 per year, excluding fare revenue.

#23 El Camino Map



Route 23 runs from Arden/Del Paso light rail station to Sunrise Mall, primarily via El Camino Ave., Fair Oaks Blvd., San Juan Ave, and Greenback Lane.

#26 Fulton

Description – Add three evening trips on weekdays including trips from University/65th Street light rail station at 8:47 and 9:47 pm and from Watt Ave and Elverta Road at 8:53 pm.

Discussion – Addition of these trips would close several 60-minute gaps in service and was identified in SacRT's Draft Short Range Transit Plan as a priority to promote interconnectivity and reduce travel times across the network. Route 26 is a major route with connections to the Blue Line, Gold Line, and Routes 1, 13, 19, 23, 25, 38, 81, 82, 84, and 87.

Evening service improvements are also being prioritized at this time (e.g., over peak-hour improvements) to avoid incrementing SacRT's daily vehicle requirement.

Fiscal Impact - Operating cost for the new trips is estimated at **\$82,265** per year, before fare revenue.

#23 El Camino Monday to Friday Schedule Suspended Trips for Permanent Elimination

Sunrise Mall	Watt Ave	Arden Del Paso	Arden Del Paso	Watt Ave	Sunrise Mall
5:15a	5:45a	6:08a	6:23a	6:44a	7:20a
5:45a	6:15a	6:38a	6:53a	7:17a	7:57a
6:15a	6:45a	7:08a	7:23a	7:47a	8:27a
6:43a	7:15a	7:38a	7:53a	8:15a	8:52a
7:08a	7:44a	8:08a	8:23a	8:45a	9:22a
7:38a	8:14a	8:38a	8:53a	9:15a	9:52a
8:08a	8:44a	9:08a	9:23a	9:45a	10:22a
8:38a	9:14a	9:38a	9:53a	10:15a	10:52a
9:08a	9:44a	10:08a	10:23a	10:46a	11:25a
9:38a	10:14a	10:38a	10:53a	11:16a	11:55a
10:08a	10:44a	11:08a	11:23a	11:46a	12:25p
10:35a	11:13a	11:38a	11:53a	12:18p	12:58p
11:05a	11:43a	12:08p	12:23p	12:48p	1:28p
11:35a	12:13p	12:38p	12:53p	1:18p	1:58p
12:05p	12:43p	1:08p	1:23p	1:48p	2:28p
12:35p	1:13p	1:38p	1:53p	2:20p	3:00p
1:04p	1:42p	2:08p	2:23p	2:50p	3:30p
1:34p	2:12p	2:38p	2:53p	3:20p	4:00p
2:03p	2:41p	3:07p	3:23p	3:50p	4:30p
2:30p	3:08p	3:34p	3:38p	4:05p	
	3:25p	3:51p	3:53p	4:20p	5:00p
3:01p	3:42p	4:08p	4:08p	4:35p	
3:18p	3:57p	4:23p	4:23p	4:50p	5:30p
	4:11p	4:34p	4:39ր	5:06p	
3:48p	4:27p	4:53p	4:53p	5:20p	6:00p
	4:41p	5:04p	5:08p	5:35p	
4:18p	4:57p	5:23p	5:23p	5:50p	6:30p
	5:11p	5:34p	5:39p	6:06p	
4:48p	5:27p	5:53p	5:53p	6:16p	6:52p
5:08p	5:43p	6:08p	6:23p	6:46p	7:22p
5:41p	6:16p	6:41p	6:53p	7:14p	7:48p
6:11p	6:44p	7:07p	7:23p	7:44p	8:18p
6:41p	7:14p	7:37p	7:53p	8:14p	8:48p
7:15p	7:46p	8:07p	8:23p	8:42p	9:12p
7:45p	8:16p	8:37p	8:53p	9:12p	9:42p
8:15p	8:46p	9:07p	9:23p	9:42p	10:12p
8:45p	9:16p	9:37p	9:53p	10:12p	10:42p
9:15p	9:46p	10:07p	10:23p	10:42p	11:12p

The trips shown in red would be permanently eliminated Includes westbound trips from Watt Avenue at 4:11, 4:41, and 5:11 pm Includes eastbound trips from Arden/Del Paso at 3:38, 4:08, 4:39, 5:08, and 5:39 pm Remaining trip times may be shifted to maintain even 30-minute frequency on remainder of the route

#30 J Street

Description – Add a morning trip beginning at CSUS around 5:31 am and arriving at Sacramento Valley Station around 5:54 am (to connect with the 6:10 am Capitol Corridor train and allow earlier travel to Sacramento International Airport). Add evening trips from CSUS at 6:57 and 7:57 pm and from Sacramento Valley Station at 7:39 and 8:39 pm to improve evening headways from 60 to 30 minutes (and to also provide better connections from Capitol Corridor trains arriving at 8:09 and 9:15 pm).

Background – In 2019, as part of the SacRT Forward project, frequency on Route 30 was reduced during the midday period from 15 to 30 minutes. At the same time, Route 38 was realigned from P/Q Streets to J/L Streets, sharing the corridor with Route 30, and providing a combined 15-minute frequency. Route 30 retained its own independent 15-minute frequency during busier peak hours. Reduction of frequency on Route 30 has been one of the less popular changes from SacRT Forward, with many operators and customers complaining that the simplicity of 15-minute frequency on Route 30 was essential to its usefulness. As a shorter-distance route, 30-minute frequency can struggle to compete against other short-distance modes such as ride-share.

SacRT's Short Range Transit Plan identified restoration of 15-minute daytime frequency on Route 30 as a high priority; however, at \$918,820 per year, it is a very expensive improvement. SacRT has also been experiencing vehicle shortages with the aging of its fleet. Although replacement vehicles will be arriving over the next year, for these reasons combined staff recommends at this time prioritizing just some of the evening service on Route 30, where existing frequency is 60 minutes, plus one morning trip. These changes are lower in cost and do not require additional vehicles. Improving to 15-minute frequency all-day would require an estimated two new vehicles each day.

Equity – Route 30 skews very low for low-income ridership, so major improvements to Route 30, without improvements to lower-income routes elsewhere (or reductions to other higher-income routes) might also contribute significantly to the service changes being unintentionally discriminatory, as discussed in more detail in the Title VI equity analysis section. For this reason, a smaller change to Route 30 is recommended at this time, rather than the entire 15-minute frequency improvement.

Fiscal Impact – Operating cost for the five new trips recommended is estimated at \$109,340 per year, before fare revenue.

#30 J Street Proposed Schedule Monday to Friday

CSUS	L & 29th	Sac Valley	Sac Valley	J & 28th	CSUS
5:31a	5:42a	5:54a	6:09a	6:24a	6:35a
5:56a	6:07a	6:19a	6:39a	6:55a	7:07a
6:26a	6:37a	6:49a	7:09a	7:25a	7:37a
6:56a	7:07a	7:19a	7:25a	7:41a	7:53a
7:26a	7:38a	7:52a	7:39a	7:55a	8:07a
7:56a	8:08a	8:22a	7:55a	8:11a	8:23a
8:26a	8:38a	8:52a	8:09a	8:25a	8:37a
8:56a	9:08a	9:22a	8:25a	8:41a	8:53a
9:26a	9:38a	9:52a	8:39a	8:55a	9:08a
9:56a	10:08a	10:22a	9:09a	9:25a	9:38a
10:26a	10:38a	10:52a	9:39a	9:55a	10:08a
10:56a	11:09a	11:25a	10:09a	10:25a	10:38a
11:25a	11:38a	11:54a	10:39a	10:56a	11:10a
11:55a	12:08p	12:24p	11:09a	11:26a	11:40a
12:25p	12:38p	12:54p	11:39a	11:56a	12:10p
12:55p	1:08p	1:24p	12:09p	12:26p	12:40p
1:25p	1:38p	1:54p	12:39p	12:56p	1:10p
1:55p	2:08p	2:24p	1:09p	1:26p	1:40p
2:25p	2:38p	2:54p	1:39p	1:56p	2:10p
2:40p	2:53p	3:09p	2:09p	2:26p	2:40p
2:55p	3:08p	3:24p	2:39p	2:56p	3:10p
3:10p	3:23p	3:39p	3:09p	3:27p	3:41p
3:25p	3:38p	3:54p	3:39p	3:57p	4:11p
3:40p	3:53p	4:09p	4:09p	4:27p	4:41p
3:55p	4:08p	4:24p	4:25p	4:43p	4:57p
4:10p	4:23p	4:39p	4:39p	4:57p	5:11p
4:25p	4:38p	4:54p	4:55p	5:12p	5:27p
4:40p	4:53p	5:09p	5:09p	5:26p	5:41p
4:56p	5:09p	5:22p	5:25p	5:41p	5:53p
5:26p	5:37p	5:52p	5:39p	5:55p	6:07p
5:56p	6:07p	6:22p	6:09p	6:25p	6:37p
6:26p	6:37p	6:52p	6:39p	6:53p	7:03p
6:57p	7:06p	7:18p	7:09p	7:23p	7:33p
7:27p	7:36p	7:48p	7:39p	7:53p	8:03p
7:57p	8:06p	8:18p	8:09p	8:23p	8:33p
8:27p	8:36p	8:48p	8:39p	8:53p	9:03p
9:27p	9:36p	9:48p	9:09p	9:23p	9:33p

New trips (shown in blue) from CSUS at 5:31 am, 6:57 pm, and 7:57 pm New trips (shown in blue) from Sacramento Valley Station at 7:39 pm and 8:39 pm Draft schedule subject to change

#33 Dos Rios

Description – Realign the route from D Street to C Street, via 11th Street.

Background – This routing reduces two turns from the existing route and moves Route 33 from a residential street (i.e., D Street) to a more commercial corridor (i.e., C Street) partly in response to noise complaints from residents of C Street. This does not affect any bus stops and should have no effect on ridership.

Fiscal Impact – None. This is a cost-neutral change.

#33 Dos Rios Changes to Route Map



#38 Tahoe Park

Description - Adjust departure times from Sacramento Valley Station to improve spacing with Route 30 and improve transfers to Route 68.

Background – During the midday period, Route 30 and 38 both have 30-minute frequency and are scheduled 15 minutes apart on the shared J/L Street corridor. However, during peak hours, when Route 30 has 15-minute frequency, Route 38 trips are scheduled at the same time, or just a minute or two apart. This proposal would shift Route 38 times ahead by a few minutes, during times when its schedule is to close to that of Route 30.

Objectives – This change will reduce incidents of Route 30 and 38 buses arriving at J Street stops at the same time and queuing into the street. It will also reduce incidents of Route 38 arriving at the same time as Route 68 on 29th Street, where the two routes coincidentally have similar arrival times. By shifting Route 38 earlier, it may take pressure off Route 30, which tends to have more riders, and add riders to Route 38, which tends to have fewer riders. It will also tend to provide more schedule cushion for riders making the transfer from Route 38 outbound from downtown to Route 68, which continues to Oak Park, South Sacramento, and ultimately Cosumnes River College.

Schedule Constraints – Due to connections with light rail at Sacramento Valley Station, 29th Street, and University/65th Street, the Route 38 schedule should not be shifted excessively. Likewise, a major shift in the Route 38 schedule during peak hours (when Route 30 has 15-minute frequency) would create an irregular gap in trips at the time of the transition to midday hours.



#51 Stockton/Broadway

Description – Add four evening trips on Saturdays including trips from downtown Sacramento at 7:38, 8:38, and 9:38 pm and from Florin Towne Centre at 8:44 pm.

Add six evening trips on Sundays and Holidays and shift trip start times so that buses leave downtown Sacramento at approximately 7:12, 7:42, 8:12, 8:42, 9:12, and 9:42 pm and so that buses leave Florin Towne Centre at approximately 6:54, 7:24, 7:54, 8:24, and 8:54 pm.

Discussion – Addition of these trips would close several gaps in service of 45 to 60 minutes and lengthen the service day so the last bus from downtown would change from an 8:30 pm departure to a 9:42 pm departure. These changes were identified in SacRT's Draft Short Range Transit Plan as a priority to promote interconnectivity and reduce travel times across the network. Route 51 is a major route with connections to the Routes 38, 61, 67, 68, and 81, as well as numerous bus routes and light rail in downtown Sacramento.

Evening service improvements are also being prioritized at this time (e.g., over peak-hour improvements) to avoid incrementing SacRT's daily vehicle requirement.

Fiscal Impact - Operating cost for the new trips is estimated at **\$66,538** per year, before fare revenue.

#81 Florin

Description - Restore all trips that were temporarily suspended in April 2022, restoring frequency to 15 minutes throughout the day on weekdays.

Add two evening trips on Saturdays beginning at University/65th Street light rail station at 9:13 pm and at Florin Road and Riverside Blvd at 9:18 pm.

Add six evening trips on Sundays and Holidays beginning at University/65th Street at 7:43, 8:43, and 9:13 pm and from Florin Road and Riverside Blvd at 6:48, 7:48, and 8:48 pm.

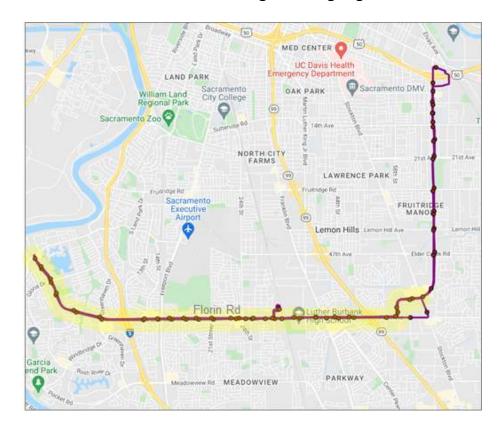
Background – Route 81 weekday service runs every 15 minutes on Florin Road during the day and every 30 minutes on 65th Street and through the evening on the entire route. In response to a major shortage in bus operators, service on Florin Road was reduced to every 30 minutes in April 2022, from approximately 5:34 am to 2:31 pm. This change would reverse that temporary measure.

Weekend trips would then be added to close several gaps in service of 60 minutes and lengthen the Sunday/Holiday service day by one hour. These changes were identified in SacRT's Draft Short Range Transit Plan as a priority to promote interconnectivity and reduce travel times across the network. Route 81 is a major route with connections to the Blue Line and Gold Line and Routes 26, 38, 51, 61, 62, 67, 68, 82, and 87.

Equity – Route 81 serves disproportionately high minority and low-income populations, so if the April 2022 suspensions were made permanent (i.e., not reversed) it could contribute to the overall package of changes having a disparate impact on disadvantaged populations.

Fiscal Impact – There is no budget impact from reversing temporary suspension of service since the original suspension was itself not treated as a budget reduction. Operating cost for the new trips is estimated at \$59,958 per year, before fare revenue.

#81 Florin Route Map With Florin Road Segment Highlighted



#82 Northrop/Morse

Description - Make permanent the April 2022 suspension of one morning trip beginning at 7:32 am due to low ridership and to conserve resources.

Background – The 7:02 and 7:32 am trips were added several years ago to augment the ordinary 30-minute headway schedule during busy peak hours. Neither trip is well-used, but the 7:02 am trip backs up a heavily used 6:43 am trip. The 7:32 am trip has fairly low ridership, and its elimination would free an entire bus for redeployment elsewhere.

Fiscal Impact - Operating savings for this improvement are estimated at \$32,281 per year, excluding fare revenue. Because of how this trip is scheduled, as a special trip, augmenting the baseline 30-minute headways on the route, elimination of this single trip would free an entire morning bus.

#82 Northrop/Morse Average Daily Ridership on Outbound Morning Trips

Departure	Ridership
6:13a	7
6:43a	34
7:02a	12
7:16a	10
7:32a	8
7:43a	14
8:13a	13
8:43a	11
9:13a	10
9:43a	11
6:13p	8
6:43p	6

The 7:32 am trip would be eliminated.

#86 Grand

Description - Make permanent the April 2022 suspension of two morning trips beginning at 6:47 and 7:17 am due to low ridership and to conserve resources.

Background - These trips were added several years ago to augment the normal 30-minute frequency into downtown on Route 86, due to full buses at that time. Since the COVID-19 pandemic, commuter hour ridership has been slow to recover. If/when ridership rebounds on the normal 30-minute headway trips, these trips could and should be restored.

Fiscal Impact - Operating savings for this improvement are estimated at **\$66,645** per year, excluding fare revenue.

#86 Grand
Average Daily Ridership
on Inbound Morning Trips

Departure	Ridership		
5:32a	5		
6:02a	7		
6:32a	11		
6:47a	7		
7:02a	8		
7:17a	8		
7:32a	8		
8:02a	10		
8:32a	9		

The 6:47 and 7:17 am trips would be eliminated.

#93 Hillsdale

Description - Add one morning trip beginning at 7:04 am and arriving Watt/I-80 light rail at 7:37 am to close a 60-minute gap in inbound morning trips.

Discussion – The new trip would connects with a Blue Line train departing at 7:48 am and arriving downtown at 8:16 am (at 7th & Capitol). This would fill an irregular gap of approximately 60 minutes during the morning peak (the rest of the route has 30-minute headways during the day).

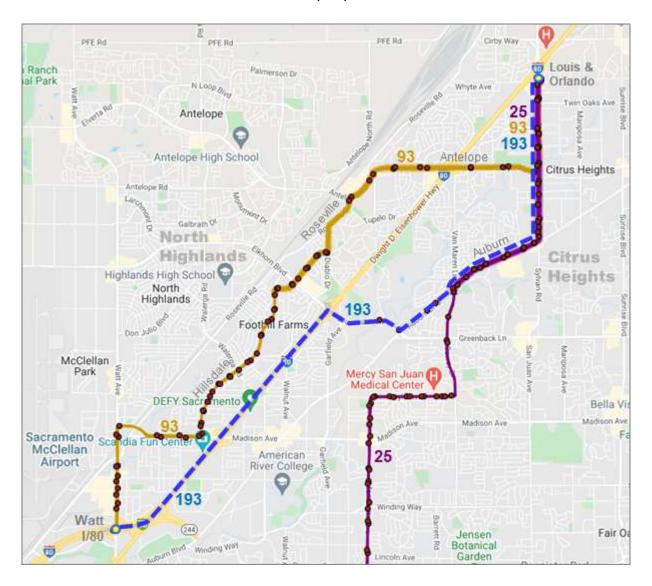
Background – Before 2019, Route 93 operated in a shared corridor with Route 193 on Auburn Blvd., in Citrus Heights. The SacRT Forward new bus network realigned Route 93 from Auburn Blvd. to the west side of Interstate 80, to provide new coverage to previously unserved parts of North Highlands. The former Route 93 service on Auburn Blvd. was covered by Route 25, which was itself realigned. Route 93 may have been missing a peak-hour trip from the pre-SacRT Forward days, when riders destined for Watt/I-80 station would have had peak-hour options on Route 193. The absence of a 7:04 am inbound trip on Route 93 post-SacRT Forward may have been an oversight.

#93 Hillsdale
Average Daily Ridership
on Inbound Morning Trips

Departure	Ridership
5:43a	8
6:38a	12
7:04a	new trip
7:32a	7
8:04a	6
8:34a	6
9:04a	5
9:34a	6

A 7:04 am trip would be created, filling an approximate 60-minute gap in service

Routes 25, 93, and 193



#107 Land Park Express

Description - Restore all trips that were temporarily suspended in April 2022.

Background - Route 107 provides peak-hour commuter service from the South Land Park area to Downtown Sacramento consisting of three morning and three evening trips. In response to a major shortage in bus operators, this service was entirely suspended in April 2022. This proposal would reverse that suspension.

The COVID-19 pandemic reduced ridership on SacRT commuter bus routes by an average of 90 percent, compared to 70 percent for the overall system. Route 107 was selected as a route for April suspension due partly to low ridership and partly due to availability of reasonable alternatives, such as Routes 62 or 106. Route 107 notably picks up only in South Land Park and Pocket/Greenhaven, getting on Interstate 5 at 43rd Avenue.

Before the pandemic, there was enough demand for commuter service to downtown to justify a bus picking up only in these specific areas. In other words, a bus could be filled from these areas alone, so it was justifiable to run Route 107 non-stop from there to downtown, without any stops north of 43rd Avenue. Post-pandemic, with commuter ridership struggling, it was felt that Routes 102 and 106 made more sense to retain than Route 107. Although Routes 102 and 106 also run only during peak hours (i.e., commuter service) they use local streets all the way to downtown, serving approximately 60 percent more potential riders than their freeway express counterparts. Staff felt that if some service had to be suspended that coverage should be prioritized. With the pandemic hopefully subsiding and operator availability hopefully returning to normal, Staff believes these trips should be restored in September 2022, to provide attractive options to a re-emerging commuter market.

Equity – Route 107 and most of SacRT's commuter routes have very low rates of low-income ridership. For this reason, these routes should not be disproportionately excluded from systemwide reductions and should not be excessively prioritized for restoration or improvement.

Fiscal Impact – There is no budget impact from reversing temporary suspension of service since the original suspension was itself not treated as a budget reduction.

#134 McKinley Commuter

Description - Restore all trips temporarily suspended in April 2022. Also, realign the route to 53rd Street (Sutter Village) from Pala Way, Coloma Way, and part of F Street and realign the route to McKinley Blvd., Elvas Ave., and 45th Street from Meister Way, Aiken Way, and Brand Way.

Background - Route 134 provides peak-hour commuter service from the East Sacramento to downtown. In response to a major shortage in bus operators, this service was entirely suspended in April 2022, except for two trips heavily used by students, many coming from River Park, who would have no feasible alternative route. This proposal would reverse that suspension.

The COVID-19 pandemic reduced ridership on SacRT commuter bus routes by an average of 90 percent, compared to 70 percent for the overall system. Route 134 was selected as a route for April suspension due partly to low ridership and partly due to availability of reasonable alternatives, such as Route 30.

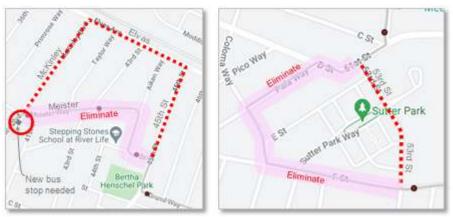
Timing – The route changes to Elvas Avenue, from Meister Way, is contingent on and will not take effect until construction of a new bus stop on eastbound McKinley Boulevard near Meister Way (across from Compton's Market) which itself depends on securing space on private property to build an ADA-compliant bus stop pad.

Equity – Route 134 and most of SacRT's commuter routes have very low rates of low-income ridership. For this reason, these routes should not be disproportionately excluded from systemwide reductions and should not be excessively prioritized for restoration or improvement.

Fiscal Impact – There is no budget impact from reversing temporary suspension of service since the original suspension was itself not treated as a budget reduction.

#134 McKinley Commuter





Route 134 would be realigned in East Sacramento to have fewer turns and operate on fewer narrow streets

#138 Causeway Connection

Description – Add one morning round trip and one afternoon round trip. One of the round trips would be operated by SacRT. The other round trip would be operated by Yolobus. Other adjustments may be made to running times, to account for increased traffic on Interstate 80 between Sacramento and Davis.

Background – The Causeway Connection is jointly operated by SacRT and Yolobus according to an agreement that also includes the provision of operating subsidy from the University of California, Davis. The service is also supported by a Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality (CMAQ) grant, which provides an approximate 1-to-1 match with the UC Davis contribution to fully fund operations and maintenance. Although an amendment is not needed to alter service levels, these changes would be contingent upon written concurrence from both Yolobus and UC Davis, which is anticipated.

Justification - The three-party agreement for the Causeway Connection funded and obligated SacRT and Yolobus to operated 22 round trips per weekday. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the parties agreed to reduce service levels. The route was introduced with just peak-hour service, which was later increased to the current basic hourly all-day service levels with a total of 15 round trips. This proposal would increase service levels to 17 round trips of the originally planned 22 round trips.

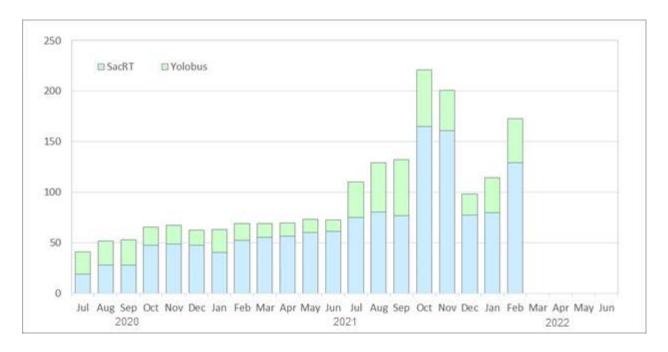
Ridership – Ridership on the Causeway Connection began growing significantly in Fall 2021. Prior to that, ridership was primarily from commuters to Sacramento. With oncampus activities returning to normal in Davis, ridership to Davis has grown. Total ridership in February 2022 averaged 175 boardings per day.

Productivity - Because it is relatively long route without seat turnover, productivity is still less than 6 boardings per revenue hour, which is very low compared to other SacRT fixed-route service; however, operating subsidy from UC Davis and the CMAQ grant make productivity less important. Although the lack of seat turnover prevents boardings from hour from being very high, capacity utilization is relatively strong, with many trips approaching or exceeding 20 passengers.

Bicycle Capacity – One of the most common complaints on the Causeway Connection has been lack of bicycle capacity. Bicycle capacity on the electric bus fleet, which was paid for by Electrify America as part of the Volkswagen emissions scandal settlement, is limited to a standard front-mounted triple bike rack. SacRT and Yolobus have explored other options for increasing bicycle capacity per bus, but do not believe there are any feasible options. Adding peak-hour trips is one of the only ways to increase bicycle capacity per hour and reduce pass-ups due to full bike racks.

Draft Plan and Title VI Equity Analysis

#138 Causeway Connection Average Daily Boardings by Month



Stakeholder Workshop - Under the three-party agreement for the Causeway Connection, the parties must periodically host workshops with the riders to discuss the service. The next of these workshops is currently scheduled for April 11, which will provide an opportunity to share ridership data and take input from customers on the ideal times for new trips to be added.

Equity – The Causeway Connection is 45 percent below average for minority ridership and 17 percent below average for low-income ridership; however, operating and maintenance costs are fully subsidized, so new service on the Causeway Connection would not actually deprive disadvantaged groups of benefits they might otherwise receive.

Fiscal Impact – There is no fiscal impact to this change because additional costs will be paid for by UC Davis and by increased claims of supporting CMAQ funds. It would require an additional peak vehicle in operation; however, the Causeway Connection has its own branded fleet, which is sufficient to meet this need.

#138 Causeway Connection Average Daily Boardings by Trip

Eastbound to Sacramento

Begin	Sep 21	Oct 21	Nov 21	Dec 21	Jan 22	Feb 22
6:07a	4	1	1	0	2	1
7:07a	12	15	16	11	9	11
8:07a	5	0	1	0	1	2
9:10a	5	10	10	6	7	8
10:10a	3	4	5	2	6	10
11:10a	6	0	0	0	3	2
12:10p	3	8	8	2	3	8
1:10p	4	10	4	2	2	3
2:10p	4	11	9	3	3	7
3:10p	4	7	4	3	3	4
4:10p	5	19	16	7	6	13
5:10p	3	6	4	2	3	5
6:10p	4	12	11	4	5	8
7:10p	3	0	1	0	3	1
8:10p	1	3	3	3	2	2

Westbound to Davis

6:20a	6	8	7	5	3	5
7:10a	3	0	0	0	2	0
8:10a	13	20	19	5	8	15
9:10a	4	13	13	4	4	9
10:10a	7	2	1	0	4	2
11:10a	3	9	9	3	3	6
12:10p	3	2	0	1	5	3
1:10p	3	5	5	2	3	5
2:10p	9	19	15	7	6	18
3:10p	2	8	9	6	5	7
4:10p	2	5	4	3	2	1
5:20p	8	19	18	13	12	13
6:20p	2	3	3	1	1	0
7:20p	1	2	2	1	2	3
8:20p	1	1	3	1	0	0

#142 Airport

Description - Restore all trips temporarily suspended in April 2022.

Background – Route 142 provides seven day a week service between downtown Sacramento and Sacramento International Airport, running every 30 minutes. In response to a major shortage in bus operators, frequency was temporarily reduced to every 60 minutes, effective in April 2022. This proposal would reverse that action, effective August 28, 2022.

Yolobus – Service to the airport is also provided once an hour by Yolobus Route 42. At times, SacRT has shifted its schedule to come in between Yolobus trips. This remains SacRT's preferred scheduling policy and it is especially important when frequency on Route 142 is longer (e.g., 60 minutes) however, it is not always possible. The April 2022 suspensions of service were made on an emergency basis, bypassing several steps in the ordinary process of preparing and bidding work shifts for operators. Consequently, SacRT was unable to make adjustments to trip times. SacRT was merely able to choose certain trips to suspend.

With the proposed restoration of 30-minute frequency on Route 142 in September, the ability to integrate schedules with Yolobus would be reduced: A route with 30-minute frequency cannot be timed with a route with 60-minute frequency to achieve even spacing both with itself and with the other route. At 30-minute frequency, the need for even spacing between the two routes is also somewhat reduced.

Yolobus has for several months been planning revisions to the schedule for Route 42 that would vary the arrival times in Downtown Sacramento and vary the frequency between trips. While these changes may make sense overall for Route 42, they will increase the difficulty of SacRT Route 42 having even spacing between Route 42 trips, or for such a solution to be coherent or desirable. SacRT will however continue to coordinate with Yolobus to achieve an optimal—if not ideal—solution to schedule integration.

Equity – Route 142 has very low rates of low-income ridership. For this reason, it should not be disproportionately excluded from systemwide reductions and should not be excessively prioritized for restoration or improvement.

Fiscal Impact – There is no budget impact from reversing temporary suspension of service, the original suspensions were themselves not treated as budget reductions.

#177 Rancho CordoVan Villages

Description – Make permanent the September 2021 addition of midday service on Route 177, including new trips approximately every 15 minutes from 9:24 am to 3:21 pm.

Background – Prior to the 2019 SacRT Forward project, fixed-route bus service was provided to the Zinfandel/Data Drive area of Rancho Cordova by both Route 74 and the Route 177. Route 74 provided hourly service on an east/west alignment, from Sunrise light rail station to Mather Field/Mills station. Route 177, which is funded by the City of Rancho Cordova, provided north/south service shuttling between the City Hall area and the Zinfandel light rail station.

These two routes were partly redundant during peak hours when Route 177 operated. Since Route 177 had stronger ridership per day and per vehicle hour, with the SacRT Forward project, Route 74 was eliminated, with its resources reallocated partly to improve weekend service on other Rancho Cordova routes. Elimination of Route 74, however, left a gap in transit service during the midday, when Route 177 did not operate.

In 2021, SacRT and City of Rancho Cordova staff collaborated to amend the agreement for Rancho CordoVan service adding midday service on Route 177, to fill this gap. The new midday service took effect on August 30, 2021. Like the rest of the CordoVan service, the new midday service was paid for by the City of Rancho Cordova, form a growing property-based revenue stream.

Demonstration Period – Under the amendment, the Route 177 midday service was approved temporarily for a maximum of twelve months. To be made permanent, SacRT must approve a Title VI service equity analysis for the new service (see the Title VI section of this report) and the City of Rancho Cordova must notify SacRT of its intent to make permanent the midday service prior to May 31, 2022. Unless both of these conditions occur, the midday service would be discontinued, effective July 1, 2022.

Ridership – Prior to the pandemic, average daily ridership on Route 177 was 140 boardings. Ridership dropped to approximately 44 daily boardings with the pandemic. The 18 new midday round trips began in September 2022. Ridership has since grown modestly to approximately 65 boardings per day. Approximately 9 boardings per day are being made on the midday service. The remainder of the growth is from existing trips. Some of that growth may have been enabled by the presence of midday trips. But it may also have arisen because of other factors, such as commuters returning to work in person. At 65 boardings per day, Route 177 is currently averaging 4.9 boardings per revenue vehicle hour.

Alternatives – For the sake of comparison SmaRT Ride service in Rancho Cordova currently averages 116 boardings per day over 24 revenue vehicle hours for productivity of 4.8 boardings per revenue hour. This is notable for being not only one of the most productive SmaRT Ride zones, but for being remarkably high productivity figures for demand response service as a mode, industry-wide. If the parties are dissatisfied with the performance of Route 177, the route could conceivably be eliminated and the funds reallocated to expand SmaRT Ride to the Zinfandel/Data Drive area. The pros and cons of such a change are discussed more below.

#177 Rancho CordoVan Villages
Average Daily Boardings

	2019	2020	2021	2022
Jan	105	139	37	65
Feb	106	144	40	65
Mar	117	99	42	
Apr	112	47	38	
May	140	39	35	
Jun	126	42	48	
Jul	126	56	45	
Aug	133	42	46	
Sep	142	51	51	
Oct	146	48	40	
Nov	150	52	60	
Dec	139	37	57	

Capacity – As noted above, boardings per hour for SmaRT Ride are very similar to Route 177 at approximately 4.8. However, as also noted above, Route 177 averaged 140 boardings before the pandemic on only approximately 7.3 revenue hours per day, for productivity of 19.2 boardings per revenue hour. Fixed-route as a mode has much greater capacity than demand response service such as SmaRT Ride, where 4.8 boardings per hour may approach capacity.

Budgetary Control – With demand response service such as SmaRT Ride, costs can be more difficult to control than on fixed-route service. On SmaRT Ride, increasing ridership tends to impact wait times much more than on fixed-route service. Wait times on SmaRT Ride can typically only be reduced by increasing expenditures.

Connection Timing – SmaRT Ride would likely be a more flexible and effective way to serve the Zinfandel/Data Drive area for *intracity* transportation (i.e., movement to and from a large variety of points *within* Rancho Cordova). However, as a replacement for Route 177 (i.e., as a first/last mile shuttle to and from light rail) it might not function as satisfactorily, because of its greater variability in arrival and travel times.

The Home Depot Harbor Freight Tools SmaR TKP International Mark Hughes Hardwoods Zinfandel Ride Station CORDOVA COURT 20 ZINFANDEL OVA PARK WHITE BIV WOODS BUSINESS White Rock Sacramento C Rancho Children's Museum Costco Wholesale Couova MILLS ACRES 177 Data Loves Home CORDOVA Improver ent TOWNE NORTH Claimstake 67 **Brewing Company** ORDOVA PONDEROSA WHITE ROCK TOWNE Pick-n-Pull VILLAGES OF Kaiser Permanente (ZINFANDEL Rancho Cordo a... Clark's Snow Sports Rancho Cordova sacran ento VA Medical Center - VA. Stone Creek ort: Center Community Park PS Shri A Western Electrical Swaminarayan Mandir Contractors Association. Mather Blow Norden Ave

#177 Rancho CordoVan Villages
Plus Nearby Routes and SmarRT Ride

Example:

An everyday commuter to or from light rail can typically count on Route 177 being timed with every train, on the same schedule every day without the need to make reservations. The same traveler, using SmaRT Ride, would have to book a trip every day in both directions and be subject to the availability of a SmaRT Ride bus at that time. For persons making work trips, this level of variability may not be acceptable.

Zone Hours – If only the midday service on Route 177 was replaced with SmaRT Ride, that would provide only a single bus available for 6 hours to serve the Zinfandel area south of US-50. This might be difficult to present to a customer in the app and difficult to administer.

Example 1:

A user of the app is accustomed to seeing a polygon on a map, indicating the boundaries of the SmaRT Ride zone. If travel to or from certain parts of the zone are allowed only during certain hours (i.e., the midday) then the zone boundaries would effectively change throughout the day. This could be confusing to many users.

Example 2:

Marketing materials for SmaRT Ride typically portray a simple map with the zone boundaries and key points. Addition of smaller sub-zones with limited hours increases the complexity of the materials and difficulty of understanding.

Example 3:

Zones that vary in size by time of day have not been implemented by SacRT and its microtransit software provider. Technical issues could arise complicating implementation, troubleshooting, training, etc.

For the reasons above, it might be advisable to replace Route 177 with SmaRT Ride only as an entire all-day replacement. However, that would be subject to the concerns above (i.e., that existing Route 177 riders may be displeased with SmaRT Ride as a way to quickly and reliably shuttle to and from light rail).

Pilot Status – SmaRT Ride is currently funded by a grant from the Sacramento Transportation Authority, which expires on June 30, 2023. Permanent funding has been pursued, but not yet secured. It may be better to wait for permanent funding before any move to convert Rancho CordoVan service into SmaRT Ride service.

Commuters – With the COVID-19 pandemic appearing to diminish, many office workers returning to work, and gas prices surging, it might make sense to maintain Route 177 as-is, as a service more geared toward commuters, at this time.

Equity – Separate from the debate between fixed-route CordoVan service and SmaRT Ride, Route 177 itself has a very low percent of low-income riders. Additional expenditures on the route could be construed as overserving non-disadvantaged areas; however, SacRT has historically contended that the City's operating subsidy mitigates any such concerns. In other words, since SacRT recovers its costs for the CordoVan, no disadvantaged populations would forego any benefits they would otherwise receive, from increasing service on Route 177.

#193 Auburn Commuter

Description - Restore all trips temporarily suspended in April 2022.

Background - Route 193 provides peak-hour commuter express service between the Louis & Orlando transfer point and the Watt/I-80 light rail station consisting of four morning and four evening trips. In response to a major shortage in bus operators, this service was entirely suspended in April 2022. This proposal would reverse that suspension.

The COVID-19 pandemic reduced ridership on SacRT commuter bus routes by an average of 90 percent, compared to 70 percent for the overall system. Route 193 was selected as a route for April suspension due partly to low ridership and partly due to availability of possible alternatives, such as Routes 25 or 93, or driving to the Watt/I-80 park-and-ride lot.

Equity – Route 193 and most of SacRT's commuter routes have very low rates of low-income ridership. For this reason, these routes should not be disproportionately excluded from systemwide reductions and should not be excessively prioritized for restoration or improvement.

Fiscal Impact – There is no budget impact from reversing temporary suspension of service since the original suspension was itself not treated as a budget reduction.

#E37 UC Davis Health Elk Grove Express

Description - Introduce a new commuter express route from Elk Grove to UC Davis Health on Stockton Blvd, with six morning and six afternoon trips, with UC Davis Health providing operating funding.

Route - The new route would begin in the vicinity of Whitelock Road and Bruceville Road in Elk Grove, and pick up along Bruceville Road and Laguna Boulevard, before stopping at the Sheldon Road park-and-ride lot and then travelling non-stop via State Route 99 to UC Davis Health on Stockton Blvd, with a stop at Stockton Blvd. and Broadway to serve other nearby employers.

Schedule – The route would take approximately 25 minutes to get from Laguna Blvd. and Bruceville Road to UCDH, with morning arrivals every 30 minutes from 6:15 to 8:45 am and afternoon departures every 30 minutes from 4:15 to 6:45 pm.

Cost-Sharing - This potential new route is subject to completion of a cost-sharing agreement with UC Davis Health whereby UCDH would cover the direct cost of operations and maintenance as well as a new fleet of four shuttle buses.

Timing – Assuming an agreement finalized by July 2022 and eighteen months to select, procure, manufacture, and deliver four new buses, implementation is currently anticipated for January 2024.

Public Review - As a new service, this route requires a Title VI service equity analysis and 30-day public review and is being presented in this report to allow for the review to occur prior to finalization of a cost-sharing agreement, which would itself be contingent upon SacRT Board approval of the planned new service and its accompanying Title VI analysis. See the Title VI section of this report for more information.

Route Number – The route name and the number E37 are both subject to change. The letter "E" signifies that the route would be operated out of SacRT's Elk Grove division (although with a SacRT branded bus). The number 37 was chosen because it does not duplicate any existing routes and because it matches a former route serving Tahoe Park, near UCDH.

Equity – Demographics of the UCDH Elk Grove Express are not known, but assumed to be similar to existing Elk Grove commuter express routes, which have a high percentage of minority riders but a very low percentage of low-income riders. Accordingly, addition of this new service might be a concern if it were being self-funded by SacRT out of ordinary operating revenues (and a Title VI analysis would facially show a potential disproportionate burden). However, a full operating subsidy for the service would be viewed by Staff and recommended to the SacRT Board as a

substantial, legitimate justification for introducing the service. See the Title VI section for more information.

Fiscal Impact – No net budget impact is expected from this service. Estimated direct operating costs of \$411,733 per year for the first year would be reimbursed by UC Davis Health. The capital cost for four new shuttle buses would also be covered by UC Davis Health at an estimated value of \$200,000 per bus or \$800,000 total. Fares would be retained by SacRT to help cover indirect/administrative costs.

#E37 UCDH Elk Grove Express Draft Timetable

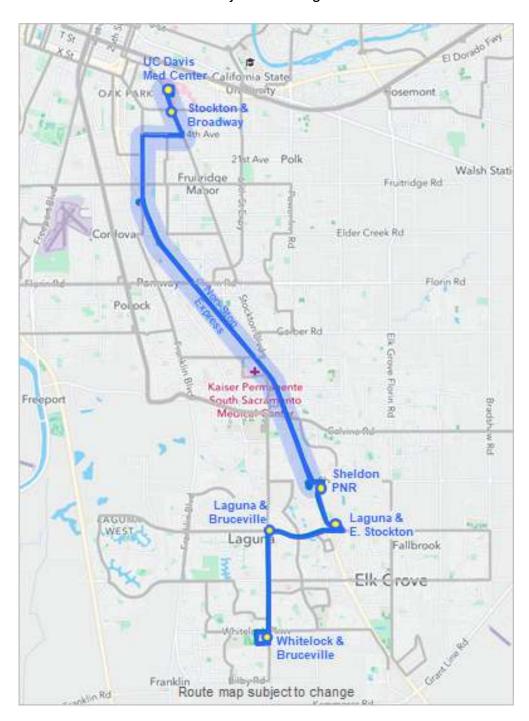
Subject to change

Whitelock	Laguna	E. Stockton	Sheldon	UCDMC
Bruceville	Bruceville	Bond	PNR	Arrive
			Arrive	
5:42a	5:48a	5:54a	5:55a	6:15a
6:12a	6:18a	6:24a	6:25a	6:45a
6:42a	6:48a	6:54a	6:55a	7:15a
7:06a	7:12a	7:18a	7:19a	7:45a
7:33a	7:39a	7:45a	7:46a	8:15a
8:08a	8:14a	8:20a	8:21a	8:45a
UCDMC Depart	Sheldon PNR Arrive	E. Stockton Bond	Bruceville Laguna	Bruceville Whitelock
4:15p	4:45p	4:47p	4:57p	5:07p
4:45p	5:14p	5:16p	5:26p	5:36p
5:15p	5:44p	5:46p	5:56p	6:06p
5:45p	6:09p	6:11p	6:21p	6:31p
6:15p	6:36p	6:38p	6:48p	6:58p
6:45p	7:05p	7:07p	7:17p	7:27p

Service to operate Monday to Friday except holidays

#E37 UCDH Elk Grove Express Conceptual Route Map

Subject to change



The new shuttle would connect residents of Elk Grove with UC Davis Health via a non-stop express along State Route 99.

#E110 Elk Grove Promenade

Description - Extend current route approximately 0.5 miles from Kaiser Medical Center to the planned Sky River Casino. Potentially also add Saturday trips and Sunday/Holiday service, pending completion of a cost-sharing agreement with the casino for service augmentation.

Casino Access – Sky River Casino is set to open this fall. To provide convenient access to the casino, SacRT Staff has been working with casino personnel to assure an operable route and curb space for full-size transit buses with convenient pedestrian access direct to a casino public entrance.

Service Augmentation – Currently Route E110 operates every 30 minutes on weekdays and every 60 minutes on Saturdays, with no service after 5:27 pm on Saturdays. These service levels pre-date SacRT's assumption of Elk Grove transit service and reflect funding and service levels in Elk Grove in place at the time of Elk Grove's annexation into SacRT on July 1, 2021.

These service levels are below-standard for SacRT, as established in the SacRT Forward project (where 7 days of service, service until at least 7:00 pm, and preferably better than 60-minute frequency were made a priority on all local routes). SacRT's Short Range Transit Plan has also identified a need for improved weekend service in both Elk Grove and Folsom. However, funding for these improvements (totaling over \$1.6 million per year in operating cost) has not yet been secured, and due to the lower ridership potential for weekend service in suburban communities, may not be SacRT's most urgent priority.

Accordingly, SacRT has sought to partner with Sky River Casino to subsidize the incremental increase in operating cost to provide more adequate weekend service on Route E110. Discussions are ongoing and have been constructive.

Schedule – Although the details are still under negotiation and subject to change, Staff is proposing to add trips on Saturday to achieve 30-minute frequency throughout the day and to extend evening hours to 9:51 pm. Sunday and holiday service would also be added on the same schedule, to achieve seven-day service with 30-minute frequency.

Cost-Sharing – As currently proposed by SacRT and being discussed, Sky River Casino would cover the incremental direct operating cost. There would be no need for new vehicles.

Timing – Both parties would ideally like any new augmented service to be ready when the casino opens this fall. In any event, the route extension will take effect this fall, to provide front-door access for transit riders.

Paratransit - SacRT already provides e-Van paratransit services on Sundays; however, the addition of Route E110 service on holidays would add a requirement to add e-Tran service on holidays, at least within 0.75 miles of Route E110. This cost would be covered by SacRT.

Fare Revenue – Increased fare revenue would help SacRT cover not only the ADA complementary paratransit requirements on holidays but also the overhead costs of adding dispatchers and supervisors on Sundays and holidays, which are currently unstaffed in Elk Grove.

Public Review – As an increase in service of more than 15 percent on Saturdays and an entirely new service day on Sundays and Holidays, under SacRT's major service change policy, service augmentation requires a Title VI service equity analysis and 30-day public review and is being presented in this report to allow for such review to occur prior to finalization of a cost-sharing agreement, which would itself be contingent upon SacRT board approval of the planned new service and its accompanying Title VI analysis. See the Title VI section of this report for more information.

Fiscal Impact – No net budget impact is expected from extending the route or from augmenting service levels. The 0.5-mile extension can be operated without additional resources. The direct cost of augmented service levels (\$330,724 for the first year) would be reimbursed by Sky River Casino. Fares would help cover indirect/administrative costs and seven additional days per year of e-Van paratransit service.

#E110 Elk Grove Promenade Extension to Sky River Casino



Section II

Title VI Service Equity Analysis

Purpose of Title VI Analysis

Pursuant to SacRT's major service change policy and in accordance with federal Title VI civil rights requirements on non-discrimination, the purpose of this analysis is to quantitatively assess proposed service changes, identify and document whether the proposed changes would facially result in potential disparate impacts on minority populations or disproportionate burdens on low-income populations (DI/DB) and determine whether SacRT may proceed with the changes.¹

Project Description

SacRT is currently considering several service changes, including the following:

Service Restorations – Routes 81, 102, 107, 134, 142, and 193 all had partial or entire suspensions of service beginning in April 2022 and approved without a Title VI analysis as temporary changes lasting no more than twelve months. SacRT is proposing to restore these services in Fall 2022.

Permanent Elimination – Routes 23, 82, and 86 had partial service suspensions in April 2022. SacRT is proposing to make permanent these suspensions.

SRTP Implementation – Changes are proposed to Routes 1, 26, 30, 33, 51, 81, 93, and 134 either as prescribed in SacRT's Short Range Transit Plan, or as developed on a standalone basis as a matter of routine system adjustments.

Contract Service – SacRT is proposing new or increased service to four contract services.

The service changes being considered are described in more detail in Section I of this report, which can be found online at sacrt.com during the 30-day public review period beginning March 30, 2022.

¹ SacRT's major service change policy is stated in Resolution No. 13-08-0125. The Federal Transit Administration's (FTA's) guidance related to Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Executive Order 12898 is specified in FTA Circular 4702.1B.

Title VI Requirements

Under SacRT's major service change policy, creation of new routes and changes to more than 15 percent of a route are considered major service changes that require a Title VI service change equity analysis. Although not required, minor changes proposed to other routes have been included in this analysis as well.

SacRT policy requires Title VI analyses be made available for a 30-day public review and comment period, that the SacRT Board of Directors and staff review public comments and take them into consideration, and that the SacRT Board of Directors approve a final equity analysis prior to adoption of major service changes.

SacRT plans to present a revised and final version of this report to the SacRT Board of Directors on May 9, 2022 and to seek approval at that time for the service changes (contingent on completion of outside agreements, in the case of the contract service).

Definitions

Minority Definition - FTA defines a minority person as anyone who is American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, Black or African American, Hispanic or Latino, or Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or mixed race.

Low-Income Definition - FTA defines a low-income person as a person whose household income is at or below the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) poverty guidelines. The HHS definition varies by year and household size. SacRT surveys typically ask about household income as a multiple-choice question with several ranges. SacRT treats all responses of \$25,000 or less as low-income. This approximates HHS guidelines and is a reasonable way to compare poverty rates from one route to another. ²

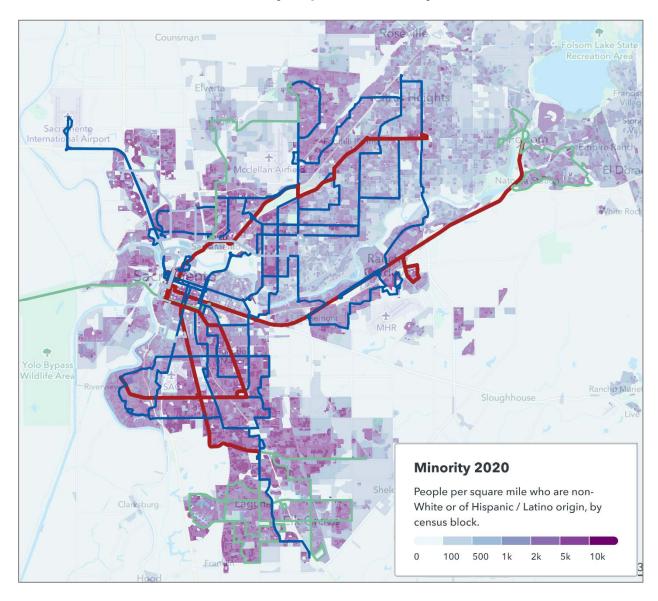
Baseline Data

Census Data – Based on Census data, the SacRT service area is 59 percent minority and 15 percent low-income.³ This data is presented for the sake of context; however, transit riders make up a small, non-representative fraction of the overall population, so service area statistics are not directly relevant to most Title VI service or fare equity analyses. Minority and low-income areas are shown on the maps on the following two pages.

² For 2022, the poverty threshold is \$27,750 for a family of four in the 48 contiguous states.

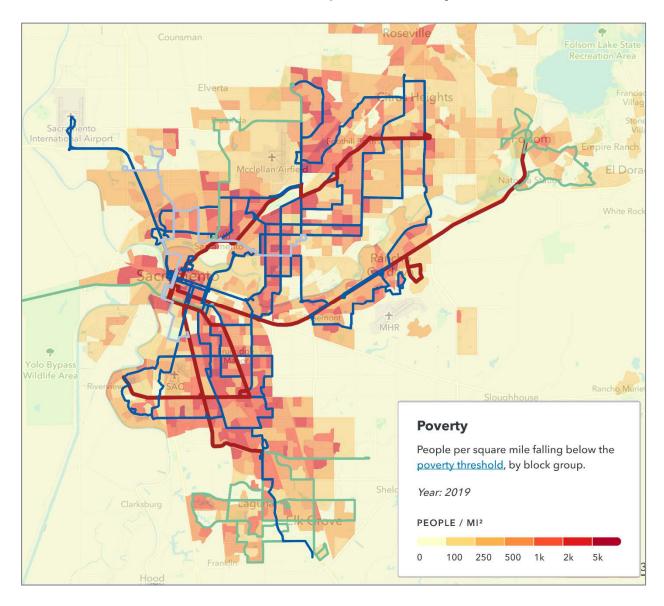
³ Computed in Remix software platform based on Census 2020 data and reflecting SacRT's annexed service area, effective July 1, 2022, following Elk Grove's annexation into the SacRT district.

Minority Population Density



Source: 2020 Census, prepared using Remix software

Low-Income Population Density



Source: 2019 American Community Survey, prepared using Remix software

Passenger Surveys – SacRT customers are estimated to be 69.0 percent minority and 53.0 percent low-income. Systemwide customer demographics are from a 2013 passenger survey, which was the most recent complete passenger demographic survey. An update was in progress in 2020 but was interrupted by the COVID-19 pandemic. For most individual bus routes, passenger survey data from 2015 and 2020 exists and was used to provide more up-to-date statistics, where possible. ⁴

Existing SacRT Demographics

	Service Area	Actual Customers		
Minority	59%	69.0%		
Low-Income	15%	53.0%		
Source:	2020 Census	2013 Passenger Surveys		

Minority/Low-Income Routes – Passenger surveys are also used to estimate the minority and low-income splits of ridership for each route. Routes serving more than 69.0 percent minority riders are considered minority routes. Routes that are notable for below average minority ridership include Routes 134, 138, and 193. Routes with a very high percentage of minority riders include Routes 82 and E110.

Routes serving more than 53.0 percent low-income riders are considered low-income routes. Routes that are notable for below average low-income ridership include Routes 30, 38, 107, 134, 138, 142, 177, 193, E110, and potential new Route E37. Routes with a very high percentage of low-income riders include Route 33, 82, and 93.

Revenue Miles – Level of service is measured in revenue miles throughout this analysis. In other words, if changes are proposed on two different routes, revenue miles are used to weigh the magnitude of the two changes. Revenue miles are preferred for this analysis over revenue hours, because they better account for quality of service (i.e., they give greater relative weight to higher-speed services such as freeway express routes). ⁵

⁴ The 2020 passenger survey was completed on the fixed-route bus system, but not on SacRT's light rail system.

⁵ One revenue miles represents a bus in revenue service for one miles. Revenue hours represent a bus in revenue service for one hour. Revenue hours are a common transit industry proxy for operating cost.

Demographics of Affected Routes

Route	Name	Percent Minority	Percent Low Income	Minority	Low-Income
1	Greenback	60.7%	64.2%	No	Yes
23	El Camino	52.6%	56.5%	No	Yes
26	Fulton	71.0%	70.0%	Yes	Yes
30	J Street	67.7%	35.2%	No	No
33	Dos Rios	52.6%	94.7%	No	Yes
38	Tahoe Park	52.9%	41.2%	No	No
51	Stockton/Broadway	80.2%	57.3%	Yes	Yes
81	Florin	74.6%	62.9%	Yes	Yes
82	Northrop/Morse	84.1%	85.7%	Yes	Yes
86	Grand	79.2%	50.0%	Yes	No
93	Hillsdale	60.9%	70.0%	No	Yes
107	Land Park Express	62.5%	11.1%	No	No
134	McKinley Commuter	43.8%	0.0%	No	No
138	Causeway Connection	23.7%	36.4%	No	No
142	Airport	66.7%	21.1%	No	No
177	Rancho Cordovan	72.7%	21.9%	Yes	No
193	Auburn Commuter	25.0%	12.5%	No	No
E37	Elk Grove/UCDH Commuter	71.8%	5.3%	Yes	No
E110	Elk Grove Local	0.0%	0.0%	No	No
	SacRT System	69.0%	53.0%		

April 2022 Suspensions

Prior to analyzing new changes being considered, this report examines temporary suspensions made in April 2022. The April 2022 suspensions included entire or partial suspensions of service on Routes 23, 81, 82, 86, 107, 134, 142, and 193.

Under SacRT policy, a Title VI analysis was not required to make these suspensions; however, they may last no more than 12 months without undergoing a Title VI analysis. Although SacRT is proposing to undo most suspensions in September 2022, all suspensions have been analyzed, as a matter of due diligence, of transparency, and to maximize the SacRT Board's freedom to act. Table 1 (see Appendix) illustrates that the April 2022 suspensions were made equitably.

Minority Impacts - SacRT's ridership is 69.0 percent minority and minority populations constituted only 64.5 percent of the population on the suspended service.

Low-Income Impacts - SacRT's ridership is 53.0 percent low-income and low-income populations constituted only 30.4 percent of the population on the suspended service.

Inclusion of non-minority, non-low-income routes such as Routes 107, 134, 142, and 193 contributed to making this reduction equitable (i.e., assuring that the burden did not fall disproportionately on a route such as Route 81 which is a minority and low-income route).

Partial Permanent Eliminations

Effective in Fall 2022, SacRT is proposing to completely restore approximately 90 percent of the service suspended in April 2022 but make permanent the suspension of certain trips on Routes 23, 82, and 86. See Table 2 for details.

Minority Impacts – The service that would be eliminated would be 65.2 percent minority, which is less than the 69.0 percent minority share of systemwide ridership. This would therefore be favorable from a Title VI perspective.

Low-Income Impacts - The service that would be eliminated would be 59.5 percent low-income, which is more than the 53.0 percent low-income share of systemwide ridership. However, the difference does not exceed SacRT's 15 percent threshold of statistical significance.

The analysis above evaluates the April 2022 suspensions and proposed September 2022 permanent eliminations, for the sake of reference and transparency; however, what the SacRT Board of Directors must consider is the cumulative impact of all proposed changes.

All Proposed Changes

The entire package of proposed changes was evaluated in aggregate (see Table 3). In total, the proposed changes would result in a net increase in service.

Minority Impacts - Minority populations would receive 70.8 percent of the benefit, which is more than their 69.0 percent representation among SacRT ridership. This would be favorable from a Title VI perspective.

Low-Income Impacts - Low-income populations would receive 31.4 percent of the benefit, which is less than their 53.0 percent representation among SacRT ridership. This difference exceeds 15 percent, so it is considered both adverse and statistically significant.

This analysis shows that the entire package of changes might result in low-income populations not receiving an equitable share of the benefits; however, contract service weighs heavily in this analysis. There may be a substantial legitimate justification for the overall proposal if there is substantial legitimate justification for the contract service and if the non-contract service alone lacks any potential disparate impacts.

Contract Service

The proposed changes include four existing or potential contract services (i.e., with UC Davis, the City of Rancho Cordova, UC Davis Health, and Sky River Casino).

Demographics – Minority populations are significantly underrepresented on the Causeway Connection and low-income populations are (or would be) significantly underrepresented on the Causeway Connection, Rancho CordoVan, and UCDH Elk Grove Express.

Title VI Profile of Contract Service

Route	Partner	Percent Minority	Minority Route?	Statistically Significant	Percent Low- Income	Low- Income Route?	Statistically Significant
138 Causeway Connection	UC Davis	23.7%	No	Yes	36.4%	No	Yes
177 Rancho CordoVan	City of Rancho Cordova	66.7%	No	No	30.0%	No	Yes
E37 UCDH Elk Grove Express	UC Davis Health (potential)	71.8%	Yes	n/a	5.3%	No	Yes
E110 Elk Grove Promenade	Sky River Casino (potential)	82.0%	Yes	n/a	62.3%	Yes	n/a
Benchmark: SacRT S	69.0%			53.0%			

Impacts – Based on the underrepresentation of disadvantaged populations, there are potential disparate impacts from implementing improvements on: (1) the Causeway Connection, (2) the Rancho CordoVan, and (3) the proposed new UCDH Elk Grove Shuttle (i.e., because disadvantaged populations would not receive an equitable share of the benefits). However, there is a substantial legitimate justification for proceeding with each service change: These services would use funding that is available only for this specific purpose. Moreover, that funding would cover all SacRT's costs for the improvements.

Non-Contract Service

The remaining non-contract service changes were analyzed in aggregate (see Table 4). Overall, these changes would increase SacRT service levels but only slightly, e.g. less than 0.1 percent.

Minority Impacts - Minority populations would receive 92.1 percent of the benefit, which is more than their 69.0 percent representation among SacRT ridership. This would be favorable from a Title VI perspective.

Low-Income Impacts – Low-income populations would receive 45.8 percent of the benefit, which is 7.2 percent less than their 53.0 percent representation among SacRT ridership; however, the difference does not exceed SacRT's 15 percent threshold of statistical significance.

Excluding the four contract services, the proposed changes would be slightly less favorable to low-income populations, but not statistically significant. This slightly adverse outcome might be partially mitigated as well by the fact that minority populations would disproportionately benefit from the changes.

Summary of Title VI Effects

Analysis	Benefit or Reduction?	Magnitude (Revenue Miles)	Percent Minority	Title VI Favorable	Statistically Significant	Percent Low-Income	Title VI Favorable	Statistically Significant
April 2022 Suspensions	Reduction	-291,121	64.5%	Favorable	n/a	30.4%	Favorable	n/a
Permanent Eliminations	Reduction	-19,864	65.2%	Favorable	n/a	59.5%	Not Favorable	No
All Proposed Changes	Net Benefit	+117,326	70.8%	Favorable	n/a	31.4%	Not Favorable	Yes
Non-Contract Service Changes	Net Benefit	+6,037	92.1%	Favorable	n/a	45.8%	Not Favorable	No
Benchmark: Sacf	69.0%	_		53.0%	_	_		

Summary

The temporary service suspensions implemented in April 2022 were made equitably, i.e., although they were adverse to all groups, they did not result in any disparate impacts or disproportionate burdens. On a standalone basis, permanently eliminating approximately 10 percent of the service suspended in April 2022, as proposed, would have an above average impact on low-income populations, but it would not be statistically significant. These two analyses are not essential to the proposed action, however. The controlling analysis, with respect to SacRT's ability to proceed, is the cumulative effects of all proposed changes.

Cumulative Effects – Cumulatively, all proposed changes would result in a potential disproportionate burden on low-income populations (i.e., because they would not receive an equitable share of the benefits); however, this result is heavily influenced by three contract services with below-average low-income ridership. On a standalone basis, each of those three contract services appear to have a substantial legitimate justification, because their costs are covered by funds that are available only for those specific purposes. Collectively, the non-contract services would not have any potential disparate impacts or disproportionate burdens.

Justification - Since the cumulative analysis of all proposed changes shows a potential disproportionate burden on low-income populations, before SacRT may proceed, the SacRT Board must find that there is a substantial legitimate justification.

Staff believes a substantial legitimate justification exists for the overall package, because (1) the contract services that are unfavorable from a Title VI perspective have substantial legitimate justifications and (2) the remaining non-contract service changes would not have any potential disparate impacts or disproportionate burdens.

Next Steps – This draft Title VI service equity analysis is being made available for a 30-day public review and comment period beginning on March 30, 2022. SacRT intends to present to the SacRT Board of Directors a revised and final equity analysis as well as all public comments received on May 9, 2022. Staff anticipates then providing a recommendation to the SacRT Board to review and consider the comments, to accept and approve the final service equity analysis, and to approve the service changes themselves. ⁷

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⁷ The proposed changes to contract service would still depend on partner agreements.

Appendix

Title VI Data Tables

Table 1 Impact of April 2022 Changes

All figures annualized

					<u>Minority</u>		<u>Low-Income</u>			
Route	Name	Proposed Change	Change in Revenue Miles	Percent Minority	Minority Impact	Non Minority Impact	Percent Low Income	Low Income Impact	Non Low Income Impact	
23	El Camino	Suspend 8 trips	-11,044	52.6%	-5,813	-5,231	56.5%	-6,242	-4,802	
81	Florin	Reduce frequency	-60,147	74.6%	-44,886	-15,261	62.9%	-37,835	-22,313	
82	Northrop/Morse	Suspend 1 trip	-3,270	84.1%	-2,750	-520	85.7%	-2,803	-467	
86	Grand	Suspend 2 trips	-5,550	79.2%	-4,394	-1,156	50.0%	-2,775	-2,775	
107	Land Park Express	Suspend all trips	-15,850	62.5%	-9,906	-5,944	11.1%	-1,761	-14,089	
134	McKinley Commuter	Suspend all trips, except two	-11,441	43.8%	-5,005	-6,435	0.0%	0	-11,441	
142	Airport	Reduce frequency	-165,816	66.7%	-110,544	-55,272	21.1%	-34,909	-130,907	
193	Auburn Commuter	Suspend all trips	-18,004	25.0%	-4,501	-13,503	12.5%	-2,250	-15,753	

Total Changes	-291,121	64.5%	-187,798	-103,323	30.4%	-88,575	-202,546
Benchmark: SacRT System		69.0%			53.0%		
Difference		-4.5%			-22.6%		
Title VI Favorable?		Yes			Yes		
Statistically Significant?		n/a			No		
Disparate Impact/Disproportionate Burden?		No			No		

Assumes all changes made permanent

Note: SacRT is proposing to undo most (not all) of these changes, effective on or around September 2022

This analysis has been prepared for reference, or in event that the SacRT board elects not to undo these changes as proposed



Table 2 Impact of Partial Permanent Eliminations

All figures annualized

					<u>Minority</u>			<u>Low-Income</u>		
Route	Name	Proposed Change	Change in Revenue Miles	Percent Minority	Minority Impact	Non Minority Impact	Percent Low Income	Low Income Impact	Non Low Income Impact	
23	El Camino	Permanently eliminate 8 trips	-11,044	52.6%	-5,813	-5,231	56.5%	-6,242	-4,802	
81	Florin	Restore all trips suspended April 2022	0	74.6%	0	0	62.9%	0	0	
82	Northrop/Morse	Permanently eliminate 1 tip	-3,270	84.1%	-2,750	-520	85.7%	-2,803	-467	
86	Grand	Permanently eliminate 2 trips	-5,550	79.2%	-4,394	-1,156	50.0%	-2,775	-2,775	
107	Land Park Express	Restore all trips suspended April 2022	0	62.5%	0	0	11.1%	0	0	
134	McKinley Commuter	Restore all trips suspended April 2022	0	43.8%	0	0	0.0%	0	0	
142	Airport	Restore all trips suspended April 2022	0	66.7%	0	0	21.1%	0	0	
193	Auburn Commuter	Restore all trips suspended April 2022	0	25.0%	0	0	12.5%	0	0	

-19,864	65.2%	-12,956	-6,908	59.5%	-11,820	-8,044
	69.0%			53.0%		
	-3.8%			6.5%		
	Yes			No		
	n/a			No		
?	No			No		
	77.	69.0% -3.8% Yes n/a	69.0% -3.8% Yes n/a	69.0% -3.8% Yes n/a	69.0% 53.0% -3.8% 6.5% Yes No n/a No	69.0% 53.0% -3.8% 6.5% Yes No n/a No

Effective in Fall 2022, SacRT is proposing to restore 90 percent of service suspended in April 2022 Suspensions of specific trips on Routes 23, 82, and 86 would be made permanent Restored service is represented a zero change in service levels



Table 3 Impact of All Proposed Service Changes

All figures annualized

					Minority			Low-Income	
Route	Name	Proposed Change	Change in Revenue Miles	Percent Minority	Minority Impact	Non Minority Impact	Percent Low Income	Low Income Impact	Non Low Income Impact
1	Greenback	Add 1 trip on Saturday evening	433	60.7%	263	170	64.2%	278	155
23	El Camino	Permanently eliminate 8 trips	-11,044	52.6%	-5,813	-5,231	56.5%	-6,242	-4,802
26	Fulton	Add 3 weekday evening trips	5,436	71.0%	3,860	1,576	70.0%	3,805	1,631
30	J Street	Add 5 weekday trips	7,198	67.7%	4,873	2,326	35.2%	2,533	4,666
33	Dos Rios	Minor route adjustmnet	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
38	Tahoe Park	Schedule adjustments	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
51	Stockton/Broadway	Add 4 trips Saturday evenings	1,835	80.2%	1,471	363	57.3%	1,051	783
51	Stockton/Broadway	Add 6 trips on Sunday/Holiday evenings	3,121	80.2%	2,503	618	57.3%	1,789	1,333
81	Florin	Add 2 trips on Saturday evenings	1,165	74.6%	869	296	62.9%	733	432
81	Florin	Add 6 trips on Sunday/Holiday evenings	4,295	74.6%	3,205	1,090	62.9%	2,702	1,593
81	Florin	Restore all trips suspended April 2022	0	74.6%	0	0	62.9%	0	0
82	Northrop/Morse	Permanently eliminate 1 trip	-3,270	84.1%	-2,750	-520	85.7%	-2,803	-467
86	Grand	Permanently eliminate 2 trips	-5,550	79.2%	-4,394	-1,156	50.0%	-2,775	-2,775
93	Hillsdale	Add 1 trip	2,418	60.9%	1,472	946	70.0%	1,693	725
107	Land Park Express	Restore all trips suspended April 2022	0	62.5%	0	0	11.1%	0	0
134	McKinley Commuter	Restore all trips suspended April 2022	0	43.8%	0	0	0.0%	0	0
138	Causeway Connection	Add 2 trips	10,922	23.7%	2,589	8,333	36.4%	3,976	6,946
142	Airport	Restore all trips suspended April 2022	0	66.7%	0	0	21.1%	0	0
177	Rancho Cordovan	Permanently approve midday service	16,527	66.7%	11,018	5,509	30.0%	4,958	11,569
193	Auburn Commuter	Restore all trips suspended April 2022	0	25.0%	0	0	12.5%	0	0
E37	Elk Grove/UCDH Shuttle	New commuter route	47,549	71.8%	34,138	13,411	5.3%	2,524	45,025
E110	Elk Grove Promenade	Additional weekend service	36,291	82.0%	29,768	6,523	62.3%	22,602	13,689
		Total Changes Benchmark: SacRT System Difference Favorable? Statistically Significant?	117,326	70.8% 69.0% 1.8% Yes n/a	83,072	34,254	31.4% 53.0% -21.6% No Yes	36,822	80,504
		Disparate Impact/Disproportionate Burden?		No			Yes		



Table 4
Impact of Non-Contract Service Changes

All figures annualized

					<u>Minority</u>			Low-Income	
Route	Name	Proposed Change	Change in Revenue Miles	Percent Minority	Minority Impact	Non Minority Impact	Percent Low Income	Low Income Impact	Non Low Income Impact
1	Greenback	Add 1 trip on Saturday evening	433	60.7%	263	170	64.2%	278	155
23	El Camino	Permanently eliminate 8 trips	-11,044	52.6%	-5,813	-5,231	56.5%	-6,242	-4,802
26	Fulton	Add 3 weekday evening trips	5,436	71.0%	3,860	1,576	70.0%	3,805	1,631
30	J Street	Add 5 trips	7,198	67.7%	4,873	2,326	35.2%	2,533	4,666
33	Dos Rios	Minor route adjustmnet	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
38	Tahoe Park	Schedule adjustments	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
51	Stockton/Broadway	Add 4 trips on Saturday evenings	1,835	80.2%	1,471	363	57.3%	1,051	783
51	Stockton/Broadway	Add 6 trips on Sunday/Holiday evenings	3,121	80.2%	2,503	618	57.3%	1,789	1,333
81	Florin	Add 2 trips on Saturday evenings	1,165	74.6%	869	296	62.9%	733	432
81	Florin	Add 6 trips on Sunday/Holiday evenings	4,295	74.6%	3,205	1,090	62.9%	2,702	1,593
81	Florin	Restore all trips suspended April 2022	0	74.6%	0	0	62.9%	0	0
82	Northrop/Morse	Permanently eliminate 1 trip	-3,270	84.1%	-2,750	-520	85.7%	-2,803	-467
86	Grand	Permanently eliminate 2 trips	-5,550	79.2%	-4,394	-1,156	50.0%	-2,775	-2,775
93	Hillsdale	Add 1 trip	2,418	60.9%	1,472	946	70.0%	1,693	725
107	Land Park Express	Restore all trips suspended April 2022	0	62.5%	0	0	11.1%	0	0
134	McKinley Commuter	Restore all trips suspended April 2022	0	43.8%	0	0	0.0%	0	0
142	Airport	Restore all trips suspended April 2022	0	66.7%	0	0	21.1%	0	0
193	Auburn Commuter	Restore all trips suspended April 2022	0	25.0%	0	0	12.5%	0	0
		Total Changes	6,037	92.1%	5,560	477	45.8%	2,763	3,274
		Benchmark: SacRT System	-,	69.0%	-,		53.0%	,	-, -
		Difference		23.1%			-7.2%		
		Favorable?		Yes			No		
		Statistically Significant?		n/a			No		
		Disparate Impact/Disproportionate Burden?	?	No			No		

Restored service is represented a zero change in service levels